Fatman Fabrications 1955-57 Chevy Chassis Builders Guide



Thank you for your interest in a Fatman Fabrications chassis for your 1955-1957 Chevy. Before you begin there are a few things we would like to point out.

First, **Plan Out Your Project!** Knowing how you want it to look when it is finished is just as important as when you start. Do you intend for the build to be hi-tech or old style? Billet wheels or painted steelies? Pro street? Pro touring? Ground scraping as low as you can go? Who is going to drive the car and where will it be driven to? Is it going to be a low mileage show car or a freeway flyer for cross-country cruising?

Establish parameters based on reality and not just wishful thinking. Blown big block motors rarely make good long-distance cruisers. Big inch wheels look awesome on some cars but tradeoff ride comfort for looks by requiring short sidewalls that do not absorb road shock. Remember, there is a tradeoff to everything, so save yourself time, money, and aggravation by planning your project from start to finish.

Also, keep in mind you are building a car. You might be using an old steel body, which is great, but Chevrolet was not very exact in the manufacturing process over 60 years ago and there are minor variations in all old cars.

If a fiberglass body is your choice, then there are some excellent quality glass bodies, but each has its own variations and tradeoffs. Some are not made or designed to fit on a 55-57 Chevy chassis. Not everything is exact, and some minor modifications are likely every step of the way, so plan for that and **test fit everything** before you paint or powdercoat anything.

Take comfort in knowing that after building a thousand plus chassis, we have them dialed in and know all the ins and outs.

All our chassis for the 55-57 Chevys are constructed of 3"x 4"x.188" and 3" x 3" x .188 wall mandrel bent rectangle tubing rear kick up rails. They are made to follow the original shape and form, and to fit with original body mounts. We have built the chassis with adjustments for minor variations in body mounts.

There are 5 different bumper mount bolt patterns used on the 55-57 Chevys, so we do not drill them. You can tuck your bumper up for a tighter custom fit and drill the one set of holes that suit your car.

The only modifications to the body will be a small revision of the right rear trunk floor for proper clearance of the upper Coilover/Shockwave mounts and rear sway bar mounts and removal of the factory pinion snubber.



Example Trunk Modification

Some OE fuel tanks will require the stamped steel corner be removed or shortened for coilover clearance. Nomads and wagons will need the spare tire well removed and a flat floor fabricated. The stock kidney bean style fuel tank is shaped in a way that interferes with the rear suspension. More than likely a car being built of this caliber will not be using a stock fuel tank.

Expect a 2"- 3" drop from stock with our standard chassis and standard spindles. Air ride, and 2" dropped spindles are options to put the car radically low.

For paramount strength and rigidity, which is so necessary for Pro Touring performance, the chassis is constructed using 3" x 4" x .188 main rails with a massive X member and driveshaft tunnel.

Here at Fatman Fabrications, we designed our central tunnel to a full complete circle for stress acceptance without the flex inherent in the open top tunnels as seen in our competitor's chassis designs. Simply put, a circle is stronger than a "U".

Clearance for 3" exhaust is provided while maintaining full strength and good ground clearance.

Front Suspension

Fatman Fabrications Tri Five chassis come standard with Stage 3 Custom IFS which features our heavy duty .188 wall mild steel control arms, Delrin bushings, and premium single adjustable coilovers. The ride height is approximately 2"- 3" lower than stock height. The track width comes at 59", which is 1" narrower than stock for extra tire clearance.

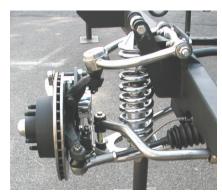
Shockwave by Ridetech is optional and will fit the same crossmember and shock towers as built. A simple swap to the correct shockwaves, modification to the sway bar mounts, and the air system are all that is required.

Power steering and a front sway bar are standard. Alignment is accomplished with a shim system allowing easy adjustment without disassembly, while maintaining proper axial alignment of the pivot bushings.

Stage 3 coilovers are used for the front end to provide a slight height adjustment, excellent shocks, and good looks to match the tubular control arms that are standard on all chassis. Single adjustable coilovers are standard on all our premium chassis.

Air ride comes in Shockwave Stage 5, which are similar to how a coilover looks and mounts with the shock inside the air spring. A compressor system is needed with both options.

If you want to run extra low, you can use 2" drop spindles. The drop spindles will reduce ground clearance 2" as well.







Stage 5

Shocks are probably the biggest factor in ride comfort and handling. Shocks are the brains of the front suspension because it controls the velocity of the suspension.

As an example of this, NASCAR teams take dozens of shocks to the track but only a couple pair of springs. Single adjustable shocks are standard on Stage 2 and Stage 4 which will allow you to fine tune your ride comfort and handling of your car. Stage 3 and Stage 5 have single adjustable shocks that are also standard.

Brakes

Keep in mind, as we go over brakes, sometimes people use bigger brakes to fill the space behind big billet wheels or just for dress up, without thinking about the safety aspect.

Fatman Fabrications chassis all come standard with OE style kits that use early GM big piston calipers and provide 65% more braking capacity than the stock Mustang II, and twice as much as other kits that use the small piston GM calipers. The 11" disc brakes use OEM parts that are easily serviceable using parts that are available at your local auto parts store in case you need to make an emergency repair

5 lug 4 ½" Ford pattern and 5 lug 4 ¾" Chevy Pattern, w/12mm x 1.5mm metric studs are also available but use the above-mentioned small piston GM calipers. Give us a call to talk about the options that are available for bigger brakes if using the Chevy pattern.

We have several options from Master Power, CPP and Wilwood. CPP front kits use a Corvette style sealed hub which means no bearings to pack and 13" Corvette drilled/slotted rotors with matching calipers. Master Power brakes all include drilled/slotted hub style 1-piece rotors and have either late model OE calipers or their billet 4-piston calipers. Complete Wilwood big brake kits are available that use aluminum hubs, 4 or 6 piston aluminum calipers with 11" to 14" rotors. Drilled rotors and polished calipers are options on these kits.



11" standard

Wilwood drilled and polished brakes

Keep in mind that larger brake kits require larger wheel/tire combinations. Make sure to let us know what you plan on using. Always think safety first!

We use standard automotive steel brake lines for brake plumbing. Since you must retain a firewall mounted master cylinder, we will "stub" the line at a point for you to finish the connections. These are D.O.T. approved, Tin plated steel lines, have show quality looks and will last a lifetime.

A simple scrub with a 3M pad and a coat of clear lacquer will preserve their fresh appearance without the safety issued related to stainless steel hard lines. We use D.O.T. approved braided stainless flex hoses from the frame to the calipers.

Rear Suspension

A new Moser Engineering Ford 9"- 31 spline rear axle assembly provides the foundation of the rear suspension. A fresh 3.70 Trac-Loc gearset is installed along with OE style rear disc brakes featuring a functional emergency brake system. Kits from Master Power, CPP and Wilwood are also available to match the front brake assemblies and for better chassis clearance issues.

Our own fully adjustable Pro link rear 4-bar, Z-bar, rear sway bar and single adjustable coilovers control the motion of this rugged and responsive design. Rear wheels with the proper spacing, up to 10" wide, will clear the stock wheel tubs. The chassis is narrow enough for more tire if the tubs are enlarged, but measure before you buy. Take note that lowering the car and fitting modern wheel and tires will require disconnecting the rear coilovers for rear tire changes.

We often recommend the air ride on the rear due to the flexibility afforded with the variable pressure. Coilovers do not accommodate changes in the load as well. The air ride can be set for a comfortable ride and proper ride height at the push of a button, regardless of the load. Don't forget a compressor fill kit is required with an air ride suspension so there is an extra cost.

Sway Bars

Rear sway bars come standard on all car chassis to help control body lean. We seldom use a front sway bar because of the nearly 50/50 weight distribution and good roll center on Mustang II based suspensions.

If using a big block engine, then a front sway bar is recommended. Also, if you want a car that has excellent cornering qualities, then choose this option. Please note that some ride quality suffers to make it handle better. Again, this all goes back to what kind of car you are building.

If using rear disc brakes with coilovers or air ride suspension with either disc or drum, a prostreet style rear sway is required.

Engine/Transmissions

Mounts for Small Block Chevy engines and transmissions will come already installed.

The front steer power rack gets the steering out of the way for the best oil pan and exhaust clearances.

All engines will require moving the radiator to the front of the core support for accessory clearance.

Big Block Chevy engines will require modifying the firewall for cylinder head clearance. LS series engines require an adapter plate that we can supply. They also may require the use of an aftermarket accessory drive/front runner system. We can help with the selection of those proper fitting components.

The newest GM LT engine will require the fitment of a hydraulic power steering pump. Kits have become available for retrofitting a pump onto these new engines.

Finish of Chassis

All chassis come assembled and coated with a rust inhibitor. As an option, Reflections Paint and Body Shop of Mint Hill, NC has a chassis priming service that includes the following steps, and we will take the chassis to & from the body shop for you:

- 1. Alcohol wash
- 2. Orbital sanding
- 3. Phosphoric acid wash
- 4. Etch priming
- 5. Epoxy priming

Epoxy primer is packaged in a variety of different colors. The black epoxy is the most popular of all the colors but will fade in the sun and eventually absorb water, so it should receive at least a coat of semi-gloss clear to seal it.

When catalyzed and sprayed, the black epoxy gives the same satin appearance as any new sheet metal parts right out of the factory. This primer can be left as is but will hold up best if scuff sanded and topcoat painted. This paint system is recommended by the paint manufacturer and is the best undercoat system available on the market today.

Remember, not everything is exact, and some minor modifications are likely every step of the car build, so plan for that and **test fit everything** before you paint anything.

<u>Notes</u>	

See our Builders Price Guide and Order Form for additional information and pricing.

When you are ready, give us a call to talk with our chassis shop specialist. They will assist you in verifying and dialing in the final version of your chassis, then they will send you a detailed written proposal for your approval.

Call us at (704) 545-0369 or email tim@fatmanfab.com



55-67 Chevy Chassis Example

Revised 10-2024